# **KRETUS GROUP®**

## Safety Data Sheet



#### Section 1: Identification

Product Name:

Telephone:

Recommended Use: Manufacturer:

### KRETUS® Polyaspartic 92 Low Odor, Part A (EZ, Fast)

For residential and industrial use Kretus Group<sup>®</sup> 1426 W Collins Ave, Orange, CA 92867 (714) 681-2286 (800) 255-3924 (CHEMTEL)

**24 Hour Emergency Telephone Number:** (800) 255-3924 (CHEMTEL) Emergency telephone numbers are to be used only in the event of chemical emergencies involving a spill, leak, fire, exposure, or accident involving chemicals. All non-emergency questions should be directed to customer service.

**Comments:** To the best of our knowledge, this Safety Data Sheet conforms to the requirements of US OSHA 29 CFR1910.1200, 91/155/EEC and Canadian Hazardous Product Act.

#### Section 2: Hazard Identification

**Emergency Overview:** Combustible liquid. May cause allergic skin reaction. May cause skin, eye, and respiratory tract irritation. Vapors or mist may be a fire and explosion hazard when exposed to high temperatures or ignition.

Component Information/Information on Non-Hazardous Components: None.

GHS Classification of the Substance or Mixture:

HEALTH HAZARDS: May cause skin, eye, and respiratory tract irritation.

GHS label elements: Hazard pictograms/symbols



GHS Signal Word: WARNING! **GHS Hazard Statements:** H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction. H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. GHS Precautionary Statement(s): P210: Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking. P233: Keep container tightly closed. P240: Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. P241: Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. P242: Use only non-sparking tools. P243: Take precautionary measures against static discharge. P261: Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. P171: Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. **GHS Response Phrases:** P370 + P378: In case of fire, use water spray, carbon dioxide, dry chemical or foam for extinction.

P303+P361+P353: IF ON SKIN (or hair), Remove/take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

P304+P340: IF INHALED, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P311: IF SWALLOWED, immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P305+P351+P338: IF IN EYES, rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P331: Do NOT induce vomiting.

P332+P313: If skin irritation occurs, get medical advice/attention.

P337+P313: If eye irritation persists, get medical advice/attention.

P362: Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

P370+P378: In case of fire, use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam for extinction.

#### GHS Storage Phrases:

P403+P233: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P235: Keep cool.

P405: Store locked up.

#### GHS Disposal Phrase:

P501: Dispose of contents/container to an appropriate treatment and disposal facility in accordance with applicable laws and regulations, and product characteristics at time of disposal.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC): Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause drying, cracking, or irritation. **Other Information**: None known.

Carcinogenicity: No carcinogenic substances at > 0.1% by weight percent as defined by IARC, NTP and/or OSHA.

See Section 12 for Ecological Information.

#### Section 3: Composition/ Information on Ingredients

Substances

Chemical Name	Identifiers	% (by weight)	Comments
Aspartic Acid, N, N'-[methylenebis(2-methyl-4,1- cyclohexanediyl)]bis-,1,1'4,4"-tetraethyl ester	CAS 136210-32-7	TRADE SECRET	
Aspartic Acid, N, N'-(methylenedi-4,1- cyclohexanediyl)bis-, 1,1',4,4'-tetraethyl ester	CAS 136210-30-5	TRADE SECRET	

#### See Section 11 for Toxicological Information.

#### Section 4: First-Aid Measures

Inhalation: If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention. Skin: In case of skin contact, wash affected areas with soap and water. Immediately remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse. Wash clothing and other apparel before reuse.

Eye: In case of contact, flush eyes with plenty of lukewarm water. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do - continue rinsing. Use fingers to ensure that eyelids are separated and the eye is being irrigated. Get medical attention. A qualified physician can perform gastric lavage only when the airway (trachea) has been secured to prevent aspiration.

**Ingestion:** If ingested, do not induce vomiting. Do not give fluids. If spontaneous vomiting is inevitable, prevent aspiration by keeping the victim's head below the knees. Get medical attention.

#### Section 5: Fire-Fighting Measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media: All extinguishing media are suitable. Use water with caution. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: None known.

**Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:** Combustible liquid. Over-heated drums may rupture. Vapors or mist may be a fire and explosion hazard when exposed to high temperature or ignition. Vapors may spread long distances and ignite. Vapors or fumes may form explosive mixture with air. Toxic and irritating gases/fumes may be given off during burning or thermal decomposition.

Hazardous Combustion Products: carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, oxides of nitrogen, dense black smoke and other undetermined compounds. **Advice for Fire Fighters:** NIOSH/MSHA approved self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire. Vapors may travel to areas away from work site before igniting/flashing back to vapor source. Vapors or mist may be a fire and explosion hazard when exposed to high temperature or ignition. Closed container may forcibly rupture under extreme heat. Use cold water spray to cool fire-exposed containers to minimize the risk of rupture. Toxic gases/fumes may be given off during burning or thermal decomposition. Contain spill or release with a dike to prevent flow into sewers or streams. Pump into container for disposal or reclamation. Soak up small spills with absorbent material.

#### Section 6: Accidental Release Measures

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate.

**Environmental Precautions:** Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains, and sewers. Inform authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, drains, waterways or soil).

**Containment/Clean-up Measures:** Clean up personnel must use appropriate personal protective equipment. Evacuate and keep unnecessary personnel out of spill area. Remove all sources of ignition, including flames, heat, and sparks. Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dike or dam spilled material with non-combustible, absorbent material (e.g., sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth) and control further spillage, where possible. Collect and place spilled material in container for proper disposal according to appropriate local, state and federal regulations. Do not allow spilled material or wash water to enter sewers, surface waters or groundwater systems. Use grounded or non-sparking tools and equipment. Wash spill area with soap and water. Dispose any waste according to appropriate local, state, and federal regulations.

#### Section 7: Handling and Storage

Handling: Remove all sources of ignition, including flames, heat and sparks. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Ground and bond containers and equipment before transferring to avoid static sparks. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Avoid contact with eyes or skin. Avoid contact with clothing. Use only with adequate ventilation and personal protection. Remove contaminated personal protective equipment (PPE), then wash hands and face thoroughly after handling and before eating and drinking. Keep container closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment.

**Storage**: Storage period is 6 months after delivery by Quest Building Products. Maximum storage temperature is 30°C (86°F). Keep away from food products during use and storage. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled, unapproved or reactive containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Personnel education and training in the safe use and handling of this product are required under OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200. **Incompatible Materials or Ignition Sources:** Hazardous polymerization does not occur. Avoid oxidizing agents. Avoid heat, flames and sparks. Hazardous decomposition products include chlorine and fluorine containing gases, carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide and other undetermined compounds.

#### Section 8: Exposure Controls/ Personal Protection

Special Note for Exposure Control: Consult local authorities for further acceptable exposure limits.

Exposure Limits/ Guidelines				
Chemical Name	Result	ACGIH/OSHA		
Aspartic Acid, N, N'-[methylenebis(2-methyl-4,1-	STELs	None established		
cyclohexanediyl)]bis-,1,1'4,4"-tetraethyl ester (CAS 136210-	TWAs	None established		
32-7)	PEL	None established		
Aspartic Acid, N, N'-(methylenedi-4,1-cyclohexanediyl)bis-,	PEL	None established		
1,1',4,4'-tetraethyl ester	STELS	None established		
	PEL	None established		

**Engineering Measures/Controls:** General dilution and local exhaust as necessary to control airborne vapors, mists, dusts, and thermal decomposition products below appropriate airborne concentration standards and guidelines. Exhaust air may need to be cleaned by scrubbers or filters to reduce environmental contamination. Curing ovens must be ventilated to prevent the build-up of explosive atmospheres and to prevent off-gases from entering the work place.

**Environmental Exposure Controls:** Avoid release to the environment. Construct a dike to prevent spreading of spills. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

**Hygiene Measures:** Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating and drinking, smoking or using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

#### **Personal Protective Equipment**

**Respiratory:** In case of inadequate ventilation, wear respiratory protection. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Use positive pressure supplied air respirator when airborne concentrations are not known, when airborne solvent levels are 10 times the appropriate TLV, and when spraying is performed or product is applied by aerosol in a confined space or area with limited ventilation. If respirators are used, a program should be instituted to assure compliance with OSHA Standard 63 FR 1152, January 8, 1998. Contact health and safety professional or manufacturer for specific information.

Eye/Face: Use chemical resistant goggles or safety glasses with side shields Chemical safety goggles in combination with a full face shield must be used if a splash hazard exists (ANSI Z8.1).

Hands: Use permeation resistant gloves such as PVC or nitrile rubber for limited use. Wear chemical resistant gloves such as North Silver Shield (Siebe North, Inc.) or Viton (The Chemours Company).

Skin/Body: Wear rubber or plastic apron and permeation resistant clothing, chemical-resistant gloves, and long-sleeved shirts, and pants. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

General Industrial Hygiene Considerations: Keep away from food and drink. Wash hands and face after use. Educate and train workers in the safe use and handling of this product. Emergency showers and eye wash stations should be available

Key to Abbreviations

ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygiene

NIOSH = National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health

TWA = Time-Weighted Averages are based on 8h/day 40hr/week exposures

Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties	Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties					
Information on Physical and Chemical Properties						
Physical Form	Liquid					
Color	Slightly yellow					
Boiling Point	Not established					
Specific Gravity	1.02 ± 0.1					
Water Solubility	Insoluble					
Flash Point	88°C (190°F) ca					
Appearance/Description	n Clear					
Odor	Characteristic odor					
Bulk Density	1024.755 kg/m3 Approx.					
UEL	Not established					
LEL	Not established					
NVW	84% ca					
Soction 10: Stability and Boactivity						
Chamical Stability Stable						
Unemical Stability: Stable	tion will not occur					
<b>Possibility of Hazardous Reactions:</b> Hazardous polymerizat	tion will not occur.					
Incompatible Materials: Oxidizing agent						
Hazardous Decomposition Products: Carbon dioxide. carbo	on monoxide, other undetermined compounds.					
Section 11: Toxicological Information						
LD50: Oral RatNot established						
LC50: Inhalation BatNot established						
LC30. Initialition Rativol established						
LD50. Definial Rappil Not established						
Primary Skin Initiation: Not established						
Primary Eye Irritation: Not established	nadiul)]his 1 1/4 4/1 totracthul actor (CAS 12/210 22 7)					
Aspartic Actu, N, N -[methylehebis(2-methyl-4, I-cyclonexa	neury) JDIS-, 1, 1 4,4°-letraethyr ester (CAS 130210-32-7)					
LDDU: UTAI KAI >2,000 mg/kg LCDU INNAIAIION KAI >4,224 mg/l, 4n						
Skin Corrosion/Irritation (Rabbit 24b) None						
Skin Sensitization (Guinea Pig): Positive						
Carcinogenicity: OSHA Not Listed, IARC Not Listed, NTP Not Listed.						
Section 12: Ecological Information						
For Aspartic Acid. N. N'-Imethylenebis(2-methyl-4.1-cycloh	nexanediyl)]bis1.1'4.4"-tetraethyl ester (CAS 136210-32-7) and Aspartic Acid. N.					
N'-(methylenedi-4,1-cyclohexanediyl)bis-, 1,1',4,4'-tetraeth	yl ester:					
Acuto and Drolonged Toyleity to Fish	Zebra Fish, 96h LC50 66 mg/L					
Acule and Prolonged Toxicity to Fish:	Water Flea, 96h LC50 88.6 mg/L					
Acute Toxicity to Algae:	ErC50 113 mg/L					
Persistence and Degradability: Not readily degradable						
Bioaccumulative Potential: Bioaccumulation ca. 8,228 BCF						
Other Adverse Effects: Toxicity to terrestrial Plants: $EC50 \ge 100 \text{ mg/kg}$ , 14d)						
Caption 12: Dispaced Cancillarations						
Section 13: Disposal Considerations						
Waste Treatment Methods: Dispose in accordance with Federal, State, and Local laws and regulations. The generation of waste should be						
avoided or minimized wherever possible. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.						
incineration or languli should only be considered when recycling is not reasible. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil,						
waltiways, utallis allu stwets. <b>Fronty Container Precautions</b> : Do not heat or cut container with electric or gas torch. Decondition or dispose of omnty container in accordance						
with governmental laws and regulations. Do not rouse empty	with electric of yas forch. Recondition of dispose of empty container in accordance					
emnty	container without proper cleaning. Laber precautions also apply to this container witen					
ompty.						

Section 14: Transport Information								
	14.1 UN Number	14.2 Ship	UN Proper ping Name	14. Haz	.3 Transport ard Class(es)	14.4	Packing Group	14.5 Environmental Hazards
DOT	*Not Regulated	Not Reg	t Regulated Not Regulated		Not Regulated		-	
IMO/IMDG	*Not Regulated	Not Reg	ulated	Not Re	egulated	Not Regulated		-
IATA/ICAO	*Not Regulated	Not Reg	ulated	Not Re	egulated	Not Regulated		-
Special Precaution	ons for User: None Known.							
Transport in Bulk	According to Annex II of MA	ARPOL 7	3/78 and the IBC	C Code				
Section 15: Reg	ulatory Information							
Safety and Environmental Regulations/ Legislation Specific for the Substance or Mixture SARA Hazard Classifications								
State Right to Know								
Component		CAS		MA		NJ	PA	
Aspartic Acid, cyclohexaned	N, N'-[methylenebis(2-meth diyl)]bis-,1,1'4,4"-tetraethyl e	yl-4,1- ester	CAS 136210-	-32-7	CAS 136210-3	32-7	CAS 136210-32-7	CAS 136210-32-7
Aspartic A cyclohexaned	Acid, N, N′-(methylenedi-4,1 diyl)bis-, 1,1′,4,4′-tetraethyl (	- ester	CAS 136210-	-30-5	CAS 136210-3	30-5	CAS 136210-30-5	
Inventory								
	Component		CAS		Canada DS	L	Canada NDSL	TSCA
Aspartic Acid, cyclohexaned	N, N'-[methylenebis(2-meth) diyl)]bis-,1,1'4,4"-tetraethyl e	yl-4,1- ester	136210-32	2-7	136210-32-	7	-	136210-32-7
Aspartic A cyclohexaned	Acid, N, N′-(methylenedi-4,1 diyl)bis-, 1,1′,4,4′-tetraethyl (	- ester	136210-30	)-5	136210-30-	5	-	
United States	-							
Environment								

U.S. - CERCLA/SARA - Hazardous Substances and their Reportable Quantities: None

U.S. – SARA – Section 311/312Hazard Categories: Fire Hazard.

U.S. - CERCLA/SARA - Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances TPQs: None

U.S. - CERCLA/SARA - Section 313 - Emissions Reporting: None

U.S. - CERCLA/SARA - Section 313 - PBT Chemical Listing: None

#### United States - California

Environment

- U.S. California Proposition 65 Carcinogens List: None
- U.S. California Proposition 65 Developmental Toxicity: None
- U.S. California Proposition 65 Maximum Allowable Dose Levels (MADL): None
- U.S. California Proposition 65 No Significant Risk Levels (NSRL): None
- U.S. California Proposition 65 Reproductive Toxicity Female: None
- U.S. California Proposition 65 Reproductive Toxicity Male: None

#### Section 16: Other Information

Key to Abbreviations

NDA = No data Available

Hazardous Material Information System (HMIS):

Scale 0-4		NFPA	HMIS
4 – Severe Hazard	Health	2	2
3 – Serious Hazard	Flammability	1	1
2 – Moderate Hazard	Reactivity	0	0
1 – Slight Hazard	-		
0 – Minimal Hazard			

Personal Protection: Safety goggles, neoprene rubber gloves, vapor respirator.

#### Disclaimer

The information and recommendations presented herein are accurate to the best of our knowledge. User must conduct their own tests to determine the suitability of these products for their particular purposes and usage. Because of numerous factors affecting results, KRETUS GROUP<sup>®</sup> and its affiliation makes no warranty of any kind, express or implied, including those of merchantability and fitness for purpose, other than material conforms to our applicable current specifications. KRETUS GROUP<sup>®</sup> assumes no legal responsibility for use or reliance on the information contained in this safety data sheet.

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